

HAMILTON, BROOK, SMITH & REYNOLDS, P.C.  
530 Virginia Road, P.O. Box 9133  
Concord, MA 01742-9133

Telephone: (978) 341-0036

Facsimile: (978) 341-0136

## FACSIMILE COVER SHEET

RECEIVED  
CENTRAL FAX CENTER

JAN 16 2006

**Examiner:** Office of Initial Patent Examination  
Customer Service Center

**Date:** January 16, 2006

**Client Code:** 3462.1013-000

**Facsimile No.:** 571-273-8300

**From:** David E. Brook, Esq.

**Subject:** Fourth Request for Corrected Filing Receipt

**Docket No.:** 3462.1013-000

**Applicants:** Yuzo Minobe, Lisa Monna, Junko Suzuki, Rieko Ohta, Hiroshi Nemoto and  
Osamu Idera

**Application No.:** 10/517,543

**Filing Date:** July 20, 2005 [371(c) Date]

Number of pages including this cover sheet: 4

Please confirm receipt of facsimile: Yes X No     

**Sir:**

In the Applicant(s) section of the Corrected Filing Receipt that was mailed from the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office on December 27, 2005 and which we received on December 30, 2005, the addresses for inventors Junko Suzuki and Hiroshi Nemoto are still incorrect, despite our request for correction of this typographical error in our Supplementary Request for Corrected Filing Receipt which was submitted to the USPTO on November 2, 2005, via facsimile. The address for Junko Suzuki should read "Arakawa-ku, Tokyo, Japan" and the address for Hiroshi Nemoto should read "Tsukuba-shi, Ibaraki, Japan." A marked-up copy of the Corrected Filing Receipt, with the changes indicated, is attached. Please correct these errors in the Patent Office records and issue a new Corrected Filing Receipt.

Respectfully submitted,

*David E. Brook*

David E. Brook  
Registration No. 22,592

Privileged and Confidential - All information transmitted hereby is intended only for the use of the addressee(s) named above. If the reader of this message is not the intended recipient or the employee or agent responsible for delivering the message to the intended recipient(s), please note that any distribution or copying of this communication is strictly prohibited. Anyone who received this communication in error is asked to notify us immediately by telephone and to destroy the original message or return it to us at the above address via first class mail.

BEST AVAILABLE COPY

RECEIVED  
CENTRAL FAX CENTER

T-929 P.02/04 F-166

JAN 16 2006



UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE  
United States Patent and Trademark Office  
Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS  
P.O. Box 1450  
Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450  
www.uspto.gov

APPL NO	FILING OR 371 (c) DATE	ART UNIT	FIL	FEE REC'D	ATTY. DOCKET NO	DRAWINGS	TOT CLMS	IND CLMS
10/517,543	07/20/2005	1646		1080	3462 1013-000	30	21	1

CONFIRMATION NO. 9995

CORRECTED FILING RECEIPT



\*OC000000017727737\*

021005  
HAMILTON, BROOK, SMITH & REYNOLDS, P.C.  
530 VIRGINIA ROAD  
P.O. BOX 9133  
CONCORD, MA 01742-9133

Date Mailed: 12/27/2005

Receipt is acknowledged of this regular Patent Application. It will be considered in its order and you will be notified as to the results of the examination. Be sure to provide the U.S. APPLICATION NUMBER, FILING DATE, NAME OF APPLICANT, and TITLE OF INVENTION when inquiring about this application. Fees transmitted by check or draft are subject to collection. Please verify the accuracy of the data presented on this receipt. If an error is noted on this Filing Receipt, please mail to the Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria Va 22313-1450. Please provide a copy of this Filing Receipt with the changes noted thereon. If you received a "Notice to File Missing Parts" for this application, please submit any corrections to this Filing Receipt with your reply to the Notice. When the USPTO processes the reply to the Notice, the USPTO will generate another Filing Receipt incorporating the requested corrections (if appropriate).

## Applicant(s)

Yuzo Minobe, Tsukuba-shi, Ibaraki, JAPAN;  
Lisa Monna, Tsukuba-shi, Ibaraki, JAPAN;  
Junko Suzuki, Arakawa, Tokyo, JAPAN;  
Rieko Ohta, Abiko-shi, Chiba, JAPAN;  
Hiroshi Nemoto, Tsukuba-shi, JAPAN;  
Osamu Ideta, Tsukuba-shi, Ibaraki, JAPAN;

ARAKAWA-KU, Tokyo, JAPAN  
IBARAKI, JAPAN.

Power of Attorney: The patent practitioners associated with Customer Number 21005.

## Domestic Priority data as claimed by applicant

This application is a 371 of PCT/JP03/07332 06/10/2003

## Foreign Applications

JAPAN 2002-168875 06/10/2002

If Required, Foreign Filing License Granted: 12/27/2005

The country code and number of your priority application, to be used for filing abroad under the Paris Convention, is **US10/517,543**

Projected Publication Date: 02/16/2006

Non-Publication Request: No

RECEIVED

DEC 30 2005

HAMILTON, BROOK  
SMITH & REYNOLDS, P.C.

BEST AVAILABLE COPY

Early Publication Request: No

Title

Methods for distinguishing rice varieties

Preliminary Class

435

## PROTECTING YOUR INVENTION OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES

Since the rights granted by a U.S. patent extend only throughout the territory of the United States and have no effect in a foreign country, an inventor who wishes patent protection in another country must apply for a patent in a specific country or in regional patent offices. Applicants may wish to consider the filing of an international application under the Patent Cooperation Treaty (PCT). An international (PCT) application generally has the same effect as a regular national patent application in each PCT-member country. The PCT process simplifies the filing of patent applications on the same invention in member countries, but does not result in a grant of "an international patent" and does not eliminate the need of applicants to file additional documents and fees in countries where patent protection is desired.

Almost every country has its own patent law, and a person desiring a patent in a particular country must make an application for patent in that country in accordance with its particular laws. Since the laws of many countries differ in various respects from the patent law of the United States, applicants are advised to seek guidance from specific foreign countries to ensure that patent rights are not lost prematurely.

Applicants also are advised that in the case of inventions made in the United States, the Director of the USPTO must issue a license before applicants can apply for a patent in a foreign country. The filing of a U.S. patent application serves as a request for a foreign filing license. The application's filing receipt contains further information and guidance as to the status of applicant's license for foreign filing.

Applicants may wish to consult the USPTO booklet, "General Information Concerning Patents" (specifically, the section entitled "Treaties and Foreign Patents") for more information on timeframes and deadlines for filing foreign patent applications. The guide is available either by contacting the USPTO Contact Center at 800-786-9199, or it can be viewed on the USPTO website at <http://www.uspto.gov/web/offices/pac/doc/general/index.html>

For information on preventing theft of your intellectual property (patents, trademarks and copyrights), you may wish to consult the U.S. Government website, <http://www.stopfakes.gov>. Part of a Department of Commerce initiative, this website includes self-help "toolkits" giving innovators guidance on how to protect intellectual property in specific countries such as China, Korea and Mexico. For questions regarding patent enforcement issues, applicants may call the U.S. Government hotline at 1-866-999-HALT (1-866-999-4158).

### LICENSE FOR FOREIGN FILING UNDER

Title 35, United States Code, Section 184

Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, 5.11 & 5.15

#### GRANTED

The applicant has been granted a license under 35 U.S.C. 184, if the phrase "IF REQUIRED, FOREIGN FILING LICENSE GRANTED" followed by a date appears on this form. Such licenses are issued in all applications where the conditions for issuance of a license have been met, regardless of whether or not a license may be required as set forth in 37 CFR 5.15. The scope and limitations of this license are set forth in 37 CFR 5.15(a) unless an earlier license has been issued under 37 CFR 5.15(b). The license is subject to revocation upon written notification. The

date indicated is the effective date of the license, unless an earlier license of similar scope has been granted under 37 CFR 5.13 or 5.14.

This license is to be retained by the licensee and may be used at any time on or after the effective date thereof unless it is revoked. This license is automatically transferred to any related applications(s) filed under 37 CFR 1.53(d). This license is not retroactive.

The grant of a license does not in any way lessen the responsibility of a licensee for the security of the subject matter as imposed by any Government contract or the provisions of existing laws relating to espionage and the national security or the export of technical data. Licensees should apprise themselves of current regulations, especially with respect to certain countries, of other agencies, particularly the Office of Defense Trade Controls, Department of State (with respect to Arms, Munitions and Implements of War (22 CFR 121-128)), the Bureau of Industry and Security, Department of Commerce (15 CFR parts 730-774), the Office of Foreign Assets Control, Department of Treasury (31 CFR Parts 500+) and the Department of Energy.

#### **NOT GRANTED**

No license under 35 U.S.C. 184 has been granted at this time, if the phrase "IF REQUIRED, FOREIGN FILING LICENSE GRANTED" DOES NOT appear on this form. Applicant may still petition for a license under 37 CFR 5.12, if a license is desired before the expiration of 6 months from the filing date of the application. If 6 months has lapsed from the filing date of this application and the licensee has not received any indication of a secrecy order under 35 U.S.C. 181, the licensee may foreign file the application pursuant to 37 CFR 5.15(b).